

The Ohio State University Department of Electrical Engineering

EE 341

Energy Conversion Midterm

Print Your Name

Solution

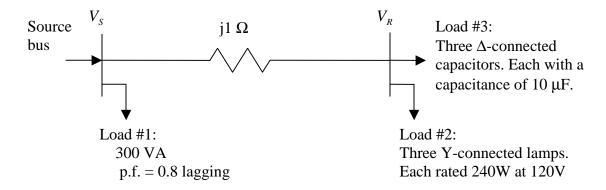
The Last Four Digits of Your SSN:

"No aid is given, received or observed"

Signature : _____

Problem No.1: (30 points)

Consider a three-phase feeder shown below:

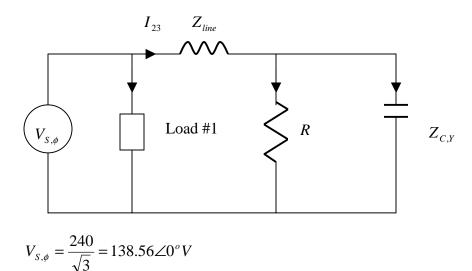


The Source bus voltage V_S is maintained at 240 V (line-to-line), 60 Hz. Compute the complex power supplied by the source and the power factor of the source.

Solution:

load 1: $S_1 = 300 \angle \cos^{-1}(0.8) = 300 \angle 36.87^{\circ} VA$ load 2: $R = \frac{V_{lamp}^2}{P_{lamp}} = \frac{120^2}{240} = 60\Omega$ load 3: $Z_{C,\Delta} = -j\frac{1}{\omega C} = -j\frac{1}{2\pi \times 60 \times 10e - 6} = -j265.3\Omega$ $Z_{C,Y} = Z_{C,\Delta} / 3 = -j88.4\Omega$

The single-phase equivalent circuit is shown as below:



The equivalent impedance of the line and load #2, #3 is

$$Z_{eq} = Z_{line} + R / Z_{C,Y} = j1 + \frac{(60)(-j88.4)}{60 - j88.4} = 41.08 - j26.88 = 49.09 \angle -33.19^{\circ} \Omega$$

So the current I_{23} is

$$I_{23} = \frac{V_{S,\phi}}{Z_{eq}} = \frac{138.56\angle 0^0}{49.09\angle -33.19^0} = 2.82\angle 33.19^0 A$$

The power delivered by the source is

$$S_{s,3\phi} = 3V_{s,\phi}I_{23}^* + S_1 = 3 \times 138.56 \angle 0^0 \times 2.82 \angle 33.19^0 + 300 \angle 36.87^0 = 1221.8 - j462.3VA$$

= 1306.4 \angle - 20.73⁰ VA

And power factor is $PF = \cos(-20.73^{\circ}) = 0.935$ leading.

Problem No.2: (40 points)

A 10 kVA, 20,000/480-V single-phase transformer is tested on HV side with the following data:

Short-circuit test: $V_{sc} = 1130V$ $I_{sc} = 1.00A$ $P_{sc} = 260W$

- a) Determine the equivalent circuit of the transformer referred to secondary side.
- b) If the transformer is supplying a rated load with 0.8 PF lagging under rated voltage. Find the voltage regulation of this transformer.

Solution:

a) From primary side (HV):

$$|Z_{EQ}| = \frac{V_{SC}}{I_{SC}} = \frac{1130}{1.00} = 1130\Omega$$

$$\cos\theta = \frac{P_{SC}}{V_{SC}I_{SC}} = \frac{260}{1130 \times 1.00} = 0.2301 \Longrightarrow \theta = 76.7^{\circ}$$

so $Z_{EQ} = 1130 \angle 76.7^{\circ} = 260 + j1100\Omega$

converting to secondary side:

$$a = \frac{20000}{480} = 41.67$$
$$Z'_{EQ} = \frac{Z_{EQ}}{a^2} = 0.15 + j0.63\Omega$$

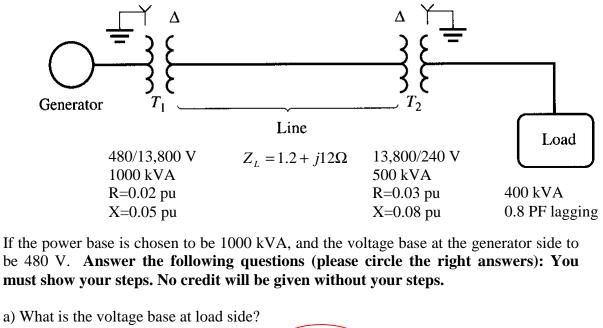
b)
$$S = 10\angle \cos^{-1}(0.8) = 10\angle 36.87^{\circ} \, kVA$$
$$V_{s} = 480\angle 0V$$
$$I_{s} = \left(\frac{S}{V_{s}}\right)^{*} = \left(\frac{10000\angle 36.87^{\circ}}{480\angle 0^{\circ}}\right)^{*} = 20.83\angle - 36.87^{\circ} \, A$$
$$V_{P}^{'} = V_{s} + I_{s}Z_{EQ}^{'} = 480\angle 0^{\circ} + 20.83\angle - 36.87^{\circ} \times (0.15 + j0.63) = 490.5\angle 1.01^{\circ} V$$

the voltage regulation is:

$$VR = \frac{\left|V_{P}\right| - \left|V_{S}\right|}{\left|V_{S}\right|} \times 100\% = \frac{490.5 - 480}{480} \times 100\% = 2.19\%$$

Problem No.3: (30 points)

Consider a three-phase power system as shown below:



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|--|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| (i) 480 V | (ii) 13,800 V | (iii) 240 V | (iv) 120 V |
| $V_{b3} = 480 \times (13800/480) \times (240/13800) = 240V$ | | | |
| b) What is the power base at load side? | | | |
| (i) 1000 kVA | (ii) 500 kVA | (iii) 400 kVA | (iv) 320 kW |
| Power bases should be all the same for the whole system. | | | |
| c) What is the per-unit value of line impedance at selected bases? | | | |
| (i) 5.21+j52.1 | (ii) 0.0063+j0.063 | (iii) 0.0021+j0.021 | (iv) 20.83+j208.3 |
| $Z_{b2} = (13800)^2 / 1000000 = 190.4\Omega, Z_{L,pu} = (1.2 + j12) / 190.4 = 0.0063 + j0.063$ | | | |
| d) What is the per-unit impedance of transformer T1 at selected bases? | | | |
| (i) 0.01+j0.025 | (ii) 0.02+j0.05 | (iii) 0.04+j0.1 | (iv) 0.08+j0.2 |
| Bases are same as ratings. No need to transform. | | | |
| e) What is the per-unit impedance of transformer T2 at selected bases? | | | |
| (i) 0.015+j0.04 | (ii) 0.03+j0.08 | (iii) 0.06+j0.16 | (iv) 0.12+j0.32 |
| $Z_{T2,new} = (0.03 + j0.08) \times (13800/13800)^2 \times (1000/500) = 0.06 + j0.16$ | | | |
| f) What is the per-unit value of the load power? | | | |
| (i) 0.32+j0.24 | (ii) 0.32-j0.24 | (iii) 0.64+j0.48 | (iv) 0.64-j0.48 |
| $S_{load,pu} = (400/1000) \angle \cos^{-1}(0.8) = 0.32 + j0.24$ | | | |
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