



EE341 - Course Notes

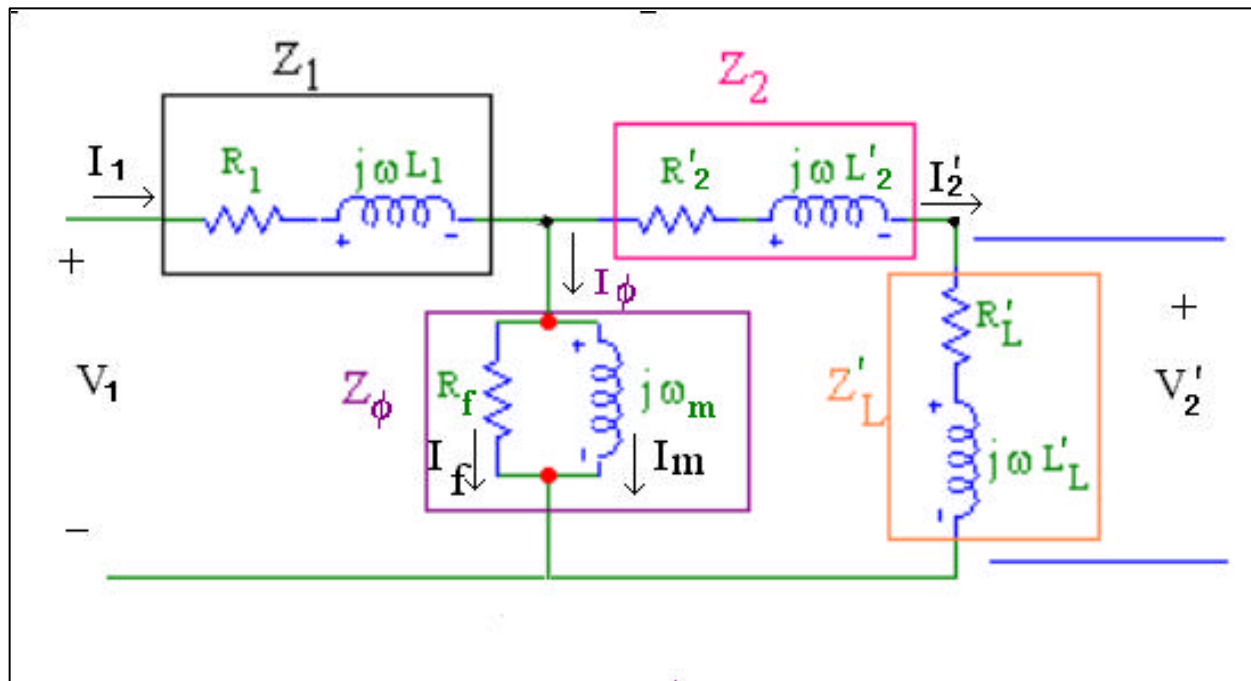
Electric Circuit Analysis

Homework No. 1

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Homework No.1

1. The operation of AC machines (in particular, transformers and induction machines) can be studied with the aid of the T-Circuit shown below.



Primary or Stator

Secondary or Rotor

Homework No.1

Several parameter sets are given in the table below. Your solutions should be summarized in a table in format as shown below. Use polar form for all complex number. Show your calculations separately.

Set	V_1	V_2	I_1	I'_2	I_f
13	$2700 \angle 22^\circ$	-	$10 \angle -39^\circ$	$10 \angle -39^\circ$	0
14	-	$23 \angle -54.6^\circ$	$259.4 \angle -54.6^\circ$	$259.4 \angle -54.6^\circ$	$23 \angle -55^\circ$

Homework No.1

Practice all cases.

Only cases with parametes sets 1, 2, 4, and 11 will be graded.

Write a Matlab program to solve case 11.

S E T	Z_1		Z_f	Parallel	Z'_2		Z_L		V1	V2	I_1	I'_2	I_f
	R_1	L_1	R_f	L_m	R'_2	L'_2	R_L	L_L					
1	1	0.01	10000	8	1	0.01	Open Circuit		$480\angle 0^\circ$?	?	?	?
2	1	0.01	10000	8	1	0.01	200	0	$480\angle 0^\circ$?	?	?	?
3	0.02	0.00265	Open Circuit		0	0	Open Circuit		$1\angle 0^\circ$?	?	?	?
4	0.02	0.00265	Open Circuit		0	0	1.0	0	$1\angle 0^\circ$?	?	?	?
5	0.02	0.00265	Open Circuit		0	0	.707	1.875×10^{-3}	?	$1\angle 0^\circ$?	?	?
6	0	0	100	0.1	0.01	106×10^{-6}	1.0	0	$1\angle 0^\circ$?	?	?

Homework No.1

S E T	Z_1		Z_f Parallel		Z'_2		Z_L		V1	V2	I_1	I'_2	I_f
	R_1	L_1	R_f	L_m	R'_2	L'_2	R_L	L_L					
7	0	0	100	0.01	.01	106×10^{-6}	1.414	3.75×10^{-3}	$1 \angle 0^\circ$?	?	?	?
8	.3	1.33×10^{-3}	Open Circuit	3.45×10^{-2}	.15	$.56 \times 10^{-3}$	7.35	0	$127 \angle 0^\circ$?	?	?	?
9	10	5.2×10^{-2}	Open Circuit		0	0	200	.4	?	$5000 \angle 0^\circ$?	?	?
10	.15	2.54×10^{-3}	Open Circuit		1.57	6.24×10^{-3}	98.5	.178	$2400 \angle 0^\circ$?	?	?	?
11	.3	0.003	1	4.25×10^{-2}	.2	.003	10	0	$440 \angle 0^\circ$?	?	?	?
12	.3	0.003	0	4.25×10^{-2}	.2	.003	1.0	0	$380 \angle 0^\circ$?	?	?

Homework No.1

Assume

1. All elements are in series except R_f and L_m which are in parallel.
2. $R = \text{ohms}$; $L = \text{henrys}$; $V = \text{volts}$; $\omega L = \text{ohms}$.
3. $\omega = 2\pi f = 377 \text{ radsec}$; $jX = j \omega L$ for $f = 60\text{Hz}$
4. Open circuit = R and/or L to infinity
5. Short circuit = R and/or L to $\textcircled{R} 0$

Homework No.1

- 2. For the cases with parameters sets 1, 2, 4 and 11 in the table, draw the Thevenin equivalent circuits seen by the load Impedance Z_L' , connected to terminals A-B. Calculate the parameters of the Thevenin equivalent circuits.**
- 3. For cases with parameter sets 1, 2, 4 and 11 in the table, and assuming $L_L'=0$. Find the values of R_L' which will result in the maximum power delivered to R_L' . (use the maximum power transfer principle).**
- 4. As the power specialist in your company, you are asked to derive a model of an AC machine. With the machine terminals open-circuited, you measure $V_{oc}=100V$. With the machine terminals shorted, you measure $I_{sc}=50A$. Calculate the parameters of the Thevenin Equivalent circuit of the machine.**