



The Ohio State University  
Department of Electrical Engineering

ECE 205

**Circuit Analysis**

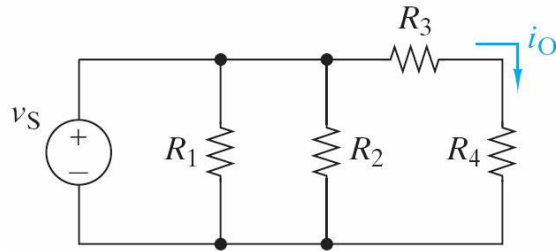
**Home work Set # 4**

**Print Your Name**

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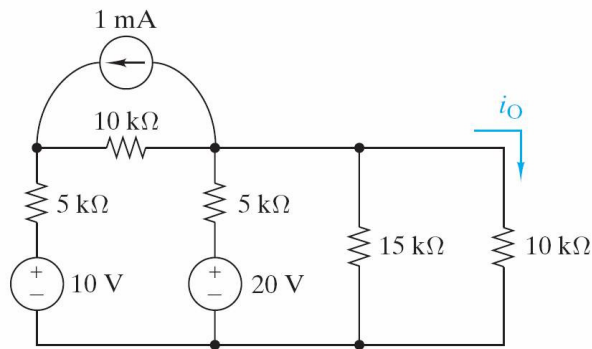
**Problem#1: Problem 3-22 textbook**

Find the proportionality constant  $K=i_o/v_s$  for the given circuit.



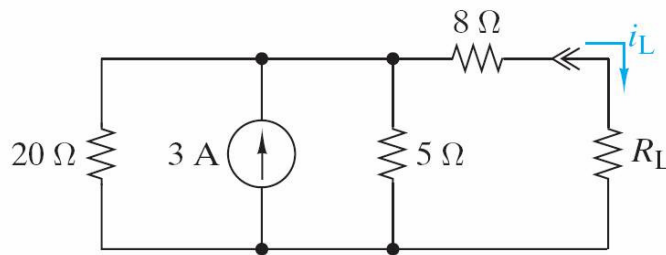
**Problem#2: Problem 3-29 textbook**

Use the superposition principle to find the output current  $i_o$ .



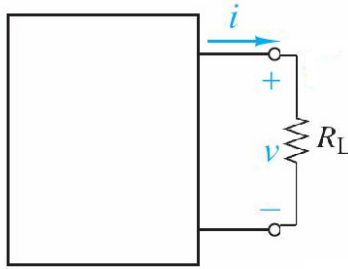
**Problem#3: Problem 3-38 textbook**

Find the Norton equivalent circuit seen by  $R_L$ . Find the current when  $R_L=6\Omega$ ,  $12\Omega$ , and  $60\Omega$ .



**Problem#4: MATLAB Program**

The  $i$ - $v$  characteristics of an active circuit is  $3v+300i=60$ . Write a MATLAB program to plot the output voltage versus  $R_L$  curve when the load resistance is changing from  $500\Omega$  to  $3\text{ k}\Omega$ .



**Problem#5: Problem 3-45 textbook**

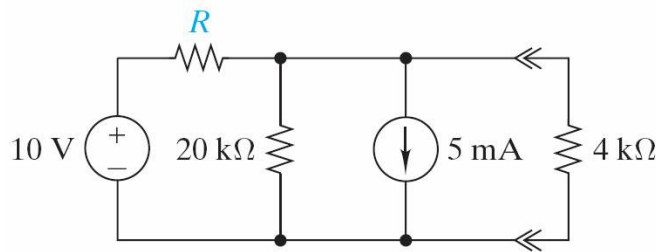
The Thevenin equivalent parameters of a voltage source are  $v_T=25$  V and  $R_T=150$   $\Omega$ . Find the smallest load resistance for which the load voltage exceeds 15 V.

**Problem#6: Problem 3-50 textbook (MATLAB Problem)**

A nonlinear resistor is connected across a two terminal source whose Thevenin equivalent is  $v_T=10$  V and  $R_T=200$   $\Omega$ . The  $i$ - $v$  characteristics of the resistor is  $v=4000i^2$ . Plot the  $i$ - $v$  characteristics of the source and the resistor with **MATLAB** and graphically determine the voltage across and current through the nonlinear resistor.

**Problem#7: Problem 3-56 textbook**

Find the value of  $R$  in the circuit so that maximum power is delivered to the  $4k\Omega$  load. Find the maximum power.



**Problem#8: Problem 3-61 textbook**

The output current of the voltage source in the Figure must be less than 100mA. Design an interface circuit so that the load voltage is  $v_2=4$  V and the source current is  $i_1 < 100$  mA.

